

2022年4月高等教育自学考试全国统一命题考试

英语语法

(课程代码 00831)

注意事项:

1. 本试卷分为两部分, 第一部分为选择题, 第二部分为非选择题。
2. 应考者必须按试题顺序在答题卡(纸)指定位置上作答, 答在试卷上无效。
3. 涂写部分、画图部分必须使用2B铅笔, 书写部分必须使用黑色字迹签字笔。

第一部分 选择题

I. Choose the best answer from the choices given and blacken the corresponding letter A, B, C or D on the ANSWER SHEET. (1%×20=20%)

1. Elementary school authorities should reduce the pupils' homework load to ensure that they have a _____ childhood.
A. carefree B. careful C. careless D. care
2. Leaves kept falling _____ above our heads when we were walking among the trees.
A. by B. from C. against D. with
3. Nowadays there are more and more _____ in primary schools in China.
A. man teacher B. man teachers C. men teacher D. men teachers
4. A: Which umbrella would you like, black, yellow or blue?
B: I'm sorry, I like _____ of these.
A. any B. none C. all D. neither
5. No sooner _____ apologized than he forgave her.
A. has she B. she has C. had she D. she had
6. I wish I _____ taller and stronger so that they wouldn't dare to treat me roughly.
A. am B. were C. have been D. should be
7. The most impressive furniture in his office is a _____ chair.
A. huge comfortable leather B. comfortable leather huge
C. leather comfortable huge D. leather huge comfortable
8. Each family _____ asked to plant a tree before summer came.
A. were B. was C. are D. is

9. By the end of the last term, they _____ all their course work.
A. have completed B. had completed C. complete D. are completing
10. My best friend _____ to meet me when I arrived at Hongqiao Airport.
A. comes B. has come C. came D. come
11. I am cycling to work because my car _____ last week.
A. had been stolen B. was stolen C. is stolen D. stole
12. He asked if he _____ leave the office half an hour earlier that afternoon.
A. can B. shall C. would D. might
13. They _____ lost, or they should have arrived yesterday.
A. may get B. should get C. might have got D. should have got
14. The best way _____ with him is not to give an inch. If you do, he'll take a foot.
A. dealing B. to deal C. deal D. dealt
15. He tried _____ a new microphone and was able to make himself _____.
A. using, hearing B. to use, to hear C. using, heard D. to use, heard
16. You may have _____ fresh water as you like from here.
A. as much B. too much C. much D. more
17. _____ he has lived in Hong Kong for years, he still has difficulty understanding Cantonese.
A. Where B. Because C. When D. Though
18. _____ the weather is concerned, I don't think it matters.
A. So long as B. As far as C. As well as D. As much as
19. No one _____ has ever visited the town will fail to be impressed by its beauty.
A. who B. whom C. which D. whose
20. The project _____ they have been working for two years is a total failure.
A. which B. that C. on which D. on that

第二部分 非选择题

II. Fill in the blanks on the ANSWER SHEET with one of the items given. (2%×10=20%)

21. *make, makes, is making; was, is, has been*
Superb systems of communications by air, sea and land _____ it possible for us to visit each other's countries at a moderate cost. What _____ once the "grand tour" is now within everybody's grasp.
22. *placed, place, places; personal, person's, persons*
Most Americans believe that schools should be _____ where young people can grow in body, mind, and spirit. Athletics, clubs, social events, and creative arts are part of each _____ education.

23. *in, on, at; That, What, It*
A "gap year" can refer to any time spent away from work or school _____ pursuit of an interest or a dream. _____ makes a gap year different from vacation is that a person is involved in some kind of constructive activity.
24. *Some, It, Any; was, are, is*
_____ thought that this new custom will remain unchanged _____ ridiculous.
25. *saw, seen, were seen; when, that, who*
Flight has been the dream of humankind since birds _____ in the sky. But it wasn't until the 1780s _____ two Frenchmen flew in a hot balloon near Paris. After that, powered flight became the goal.
26. *hither, neither, either; on, to, for*
Why are young smokers so important to tobacco merchants? Because millions of adult smokers _____ kick their habit or die each year, and the cigarette industry depends on attracting new customers _____ its living.
27. *for, under, against; finance, financed, financial*
Schooling should be equal and open to all. No one should be discriminated _____ because of race, religion or _____ status.
28. *red, yellow, blue; to, with, through*
When a new idea comes to you out of the _____, it's because you have already thought _____ the process unconsciously.
29. *requesting, to request, request; to, as, than*
If you politely _____ that someone not smoke, you are more likely to receive a cooperative response _____ if you scowl fiercely and hurl insults.
30. *is found, finds, will find; meaning, mean, means*
If a solution _____, advertisers will have yet another _____ of persuading consumers to purchase their products.

III. Fill in the blanks on the ANSWER SHEET with an item as required. (1%×20=20%)

31. With a determiner:
With two weeks' heavy rain in March, the _____ village was flooded.
32. With a determiner:
Only two candidates applied for this position, but unfortunately _____ of them was qualified.
33. With a determiner:
The young man has been working hard since graduation from college; he is always cherishing the dream of owning _____ Benz in his thirties.
34. With a modal auxiliary:
He _____ have had a very good review of the class notes, or he couldn't have got such a high score in the final exam.

35. With a modal auxiliary:
When he was a little kid, he _____ turn to his father for help whenever he had a problem.
36. With a preposition:
She had no knack for saying the right thing _____ the right time.
37. With a preposition:
The mother told her daughter not to sing loudly at night _____ fear of disturbing the neighbors.
38. With a preposition:
The speaker concluded his speech _____ a poem by a famous English poet.
39. With a relative pronoun or a relative adverb:
His latest film contained little _____ was new or startling, and it proved a failure.
40. With a relative pronoun or a relative adverb:
Personal space, _____ enables one to feel at ease in public, varies from culture to culture.
41. With a relative pronoun or a relative adverb:
Ten years later the couple returned to the place _____ they first met and felt the whole thing was like a dream.
42. With a relative pronoun or a relative adverb:
The meat industry is a major source of green-house gases which is often ignored but _____ effects on the atmosphere have already been made clear.
43. With a coordinator:
Today in some remote areas of the world, people don't learn foreign languages. They cannot speak English _____ French.
44. With a coordinator:
I'm telling you all that I want this job finished within two hours, _____ I really mean it.
45. With a subordinator:
After two months' internship in the company, the college graduate couldn't decide _____ he should stay at the job or find something else to do.
46. With a subordinator:
The new school was constructed _____ the old factory building had been pulled down.
47. With a tag:
I don't think he is eligible for the scholarship, _____?

48. With a tag:
He is an extremely introverted person. He hardly ever hangs out with friends, _____?
49. With a tag:
I'm not very sure, but Mr. Zhang may be the best teacher in our school, _____?
50. With a tag:
One month has passed, and he must have already got the result of the exam, _____?

IV. Rewrite the following sentences as required on the ANSWER SHEET.

(2%×15=30%)

51. Using passive voice:
The workers are redecorating the house at the moment.
52. Using passive voice:
You made such a terrible mess of my house.
53. Using a modal auxiliary:
I'm very eager to tell them the good news.
54. Using a modal auxiliary:
He regretted not having taken his father's advice.
55. Using a non-finite verb form:
She went back to Canada so that she could stay with her parents for the Christmas.
56. Using a non-finite verb form:
Several people reported that they heard her cry for help.
57. Using complex propositions:
He didn't go to Suzhou. Instead, he went to Hangzhou.
58. Using a disjunct:
It is more important that the government should take measures to deal with air pollution.
59. Using a relative clause:
Tidy answers give us a feeling of security. We are looking for these tidy answers.
60. Using a relative clause:
The house standing on the bank of the river is my home.
61. Using subordination:
The Indians believe that everything has a spirit. They firmly hold the belief.
62. Using coordination:
We had intended to come and see you. It rained.
63. Using exclamation:
He made a very boring speech this afternoon.

64. Using postponement:
The duke gave my uncle the teapot.
65. Using discontinuity:
At the news, he was so excited that he couldn't utter a word.

V. Answer the following questions on the ANSWER SHEET. (4%×1=4%)

66. What is special about the past perfect in its hypothetical use? And how is it used? Give at least one example for each use.

VI. Define the following terms with examples on the ANSWER SHEET. (3%×2=6%)

67. blending
68. fronting